# Job Sheet for Native Warm Season Grass Establishment As Wildlife Habitat

(645)

### **Purpose**

Native Warm Season Grasses (NWSG) provide habitat diversity for game and non-game wildlife species. Because these are bunch grasses, they can be managed to provide open space at the ground level, spreading upright, and forming a canopy overhead, which is important to ground nesting birds. NWSG's also benefit larger game species by providing favorable conditions for a diversity of plants including legumes over sod-forming introduced warm season and cool season grasses.

### Requirements

- \* An establishment of NWSG requires prior planning and attention to details at planting time.
- \* Seedbed will be prepared by any method that will result in a clean, firm seedbed without excessive weedy competition.
- Soil test pH should be above 5.5.
- \* Nitrogen is not recommended at planting due to promotion of undesirable plant competition.
- \* Phosphate and/or potash can be added at planting.
- \* Elimination of existing sod-forming grasses is critical.
- \* Use of a herbicide (i.e. Roundup) is recommended for control of Bermuda and Bahia and other introduced warm season species.
- Plateau—Roundup is effective on fescue.
- \* Plant mid-March through June.
- \* Drilling is the preferred method but seed can be broadcast. Several of the NWSG's have fluffy seed if de-bearded seed cannot be secure. Cyclone spreader or drop seeder can be used if Native Grass drills are not available.
- \* Planting depth is ¼ to ½ inch.
- \* Weeds must be controlled by mowing or spraying. Mow when weeds are approximately 18" tall, but mow no lower than 6" to prevent damage to seedlings.

## **Suggested Planting**

Mixtures of several NWSG species are recommended. Combinations of Switchgrass, Indiangrass, Little Bluestem, Big Bluestem, Eastern Gamma Grass, and Coastal Panic Grass. **Example:** 2lbs. Pure Live Seed (PLS) Switchgrass, 2lbs. PLS Little Bluestem, 2lbs. PLS Big Bluestem, 2lbs. PLS India Grass.



### Native Warm Season Grass Establishment

### **Maintenance**

- r Allow 2-3 years for grasses to become well established.
- r Begin a schedule of burning or mowing after stand is established.
- r Perform maintenance between February 1 April 15.

# **Primary Habitat Considerations**

- Nesting and brood-rearing habitat for ground nesting birds
- r Natural food and cover source for doves, rabbits, deer, turkeys, quail, and various songbirds.

<b>Site Specific Comments and Recommendation</b>
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